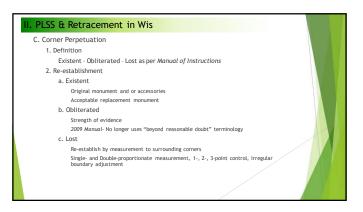


II. PLSS	& Ret	racement in Wis	Ten PMExt
A. Histo	orv		
	imeline		
			400 (H-44)
	1831	Initial Point for WI 4th Principal Meridian placed by Lucius Lyons	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	1831	General Instructions of 1831	Sant Land
	1833	Instructions for OH, IN, & Terr of WI	
	1846	General Instructions of 1846	
	1847	Fourth Principal Meridian Completed to Lake Superior	
	1848	WI Statehood	
	1851	General Instructions of 1851	
	1855	Manual of Surveying Instructions - 1855	
	1865	Substantial Completion of All Township Line surveys	
	1873	Substantial Completion of Section Line surveys	
			AVA

II. PLSS & Retracement in Wis	
A. History	
2. Procedure Evolution	
a. Closing Corners	
Prior to 1834, closing corners were set along the west and north township boundaries.	
1834 Instructions required them only along the north township boundary.	
General Instructions of 1846; Closing corners placed only on Correction Lines	
b. Correction Lines	
Prior to 1851 spacing left to discretion of surveyor	
1851 Manual, spaced every 4 townships north of the BL & every 5 townships south.	
c. Guide Meridians	
Introduced by General Instructions of 1881, called Auxiliary Meridians; every 4 townships east and west of the PM	V
General Instructions of 1890 change Auxiliary Meridians to Guide Meridians.	W

II. PLSS & Retracement in Wis	
A. History	
Procedure Evolution	4th PM Ext
In Wisconsin	
Correction line spacing: 10 townships	5th
except 5 th at 6 townships.	
There are no Auxiliary/Guide Meridians.	1st Correction Line North

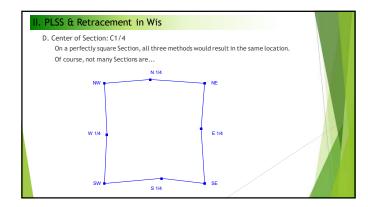


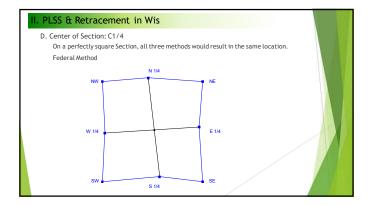


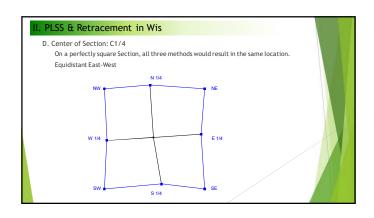
II. PLSS & Retracement in Wis C. Corner Perpetuation 3. Lost corner control a. Manual rules Witness and meander corners control distance and direction. b. Wisconsin rules Witness corner controls distance and direction Meander corner controls direction only Thunder Lake Land Company v. Carpenter, 184 Wis 580, 583, 200 N.W. 302, (1924)	

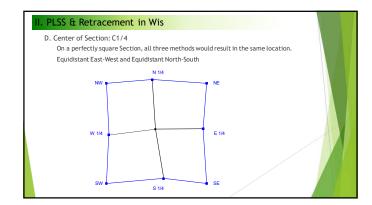
C. Corner Perpetuation A-E788 U.S. public land survey monument record. (1) White services of accountage course. A U.S. public land survey assembler land survey assembler to the U.S. public land survey assembler land survey.	Page 9-10	of Wis Admin Code Doc	
record addresses shall be proposed and filed with the context un- vey marsha is part of any final survey within 50 days of a U.S. pub- tic, hard survey, corner has been received/abod, perpensated, or restored and a reconstruct to or meet, and when any of the follow- ing structions arise: (a) There is no U.S. public land narvey measurement record for			
the control and the control an	Section of the section. V.S. Police land Servey Measures, where we are admitted to the section of the section o	All Tight chainman and distinction to the polythe lined energy in- teractions and the control of the polythe lined energy in- teractions and the control of the polythe control of the polythe- tical and work of the polythe control of the polythe- tical and work of the polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- tical for the polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- teraction and the polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe-polythe- polythe-poly	

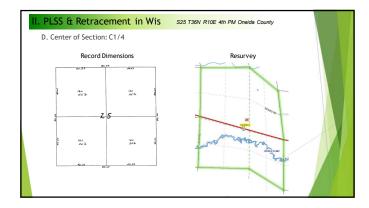
II. PLSS & Retracement in Wis D. Center of Section: C1/4 The USPLSS Instructions always said to connect opposite quarter corners with straight lines. This is called the Federal Method. Wisconsin Legislature passed laws which differed from the Federal Method: a. pre-1853 Federal Method b. 1853-1860 Equidistant E/W and Equidistant N/S c. 1860-1862 Equidistant E/W b. 1862-1867 Equidistant E/W and Equidistant N/S a. post 1867 Federal Method Onsrud, Sec 5-1 through 5-5

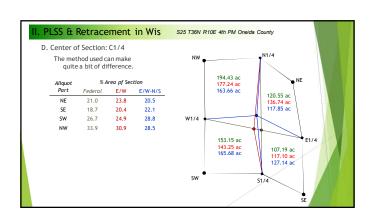


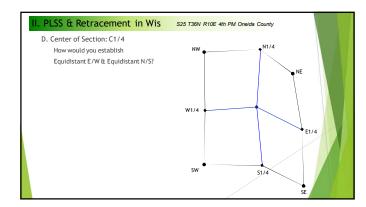












II. PLSS & Retracement in Wis	S25 T36N R10E 4th PM Oneida County
D. Center of Section: C1/4 How would you establish Equidistant E/W & Equidistant N/S?	NW NE
(1) Equidistant E/W perpendicular bisector (2) Equidistant N/S perpendicular bisector (3) Intersect bisectors	W1/4 midpoint
	SW S1/4

III. Statutory Land Divisions A. Subdivision: Chapter 236 Definition, Stat 236.02(12) (12) (am) Except as provided in par. (bm), "subdivision" means a division of a lot, parcel, or tract of land by the owner thereof or the owner's agent for the purpose of sale or of building development and to which any of the following applies: 1. The act of division creates 5 or more parcels or building sites of 1 1/2 acres each or less in area. 2. Five or more parcels or building sites of 1 1/2 acres each or less in area are created by successive divisions within a period of 5 years. (bm) "Subdivision" does not include a division of land into 5 or more parcels or building sites by a certified survey map in accordance with an ordinance enacted or a resolution adopted under s. 236.34 (1) (ar) 1.

Statutory I	Land Division	S
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B. Certified Survey Map: stat 236.34 & 236.45

Definition, Stat 236.34(1)

DESCRIPTION AND USES, (am) A certified survey map of not more than 4 parcels of land, or such greater maximum number specified by an ordinance enacted or resolution adopted under par, (ar) 1., consisting of lots or outlots may be recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the land is situated.

C. Condominium: Chapter 703

Definition, Stat 703.02(4)

"Condominium" means property subject to a condominium declaration established under this chapter.

- D. Cemetery: Stat 157.07
- E. Transportation Project Plat (TPP) Wis State 80.095

Plan for future land acquisition by WisDOT for transportation purposes. Replaces older Right of Way plats

Does not create new boundary until acquisition takes place.

V. Ret	racer	nents	
A. Pa	rcel: W	is Admin Code A-E 7	
	7.01	Scope	
	7.02	Definitions	
	7.025	Survey report, requirements	
	7.03	Boundary location	
	7.04	Descriptions	
	7.05	Maps	
	7.06	Relative positional accuracy measurements	
	7.07	Monuments	
	7.08	U.S. public land survey monument record	

V. Retracements

A. Parcel: Wis Admin Code A-E 7

A-E 7.01 Scope. (1) The minimum standards of this chapter apply to any property survey performed by professional land surveyors in this state, except where otherwise provided in this chapter.

(2) The minimum accuracies in s. A–E 7.06 apply to any property survey performed by professional land surveyors in this state.

(3) If other standards for property surveys are prescribed by statute, administrative rule, or ordinance, and the standards are more restrictive than those in this chapter, the more restrictive standards govern.

(4) Except with regard to a U.S. public land survey monument record or addendum and a map of work performed, the professional land surveyor and client may enter into a written agreement, signed by both parties, to exclude land surveying work from the requirements of ss. A–E 7.03 (2), 7.05 (5) and (7m), and 7.07, where all of the following are performed:

(a) The professional land surveyor certifies on the face of the map the existence of the agreement.

(b) The map includes a note which states that an agreement to exclude work from the requirements of this chapter has been made and a list of those exclusions.

V. Retracements

B. Assessor's plat: Wis Stat 70.27

Assessor's plat: Wis Stat 70.27

Stat 70.27(1) WHO MAY ORDER. Whenever any area of platted or unplatted land is owned by 2 or more persons in severalty, and when in the judgment of the governing body having jurisdiction, the description of one or more of the different parcels thereof cannot be made sufficiently certain and accurate for the purposes of assessment, taxation or tax title procedures without noting the correct metes and bounds of the same, or when such gross errors exist in lot measurements or locations that difficulty is encountered in locating new structures, public utilities or streets, such governing body may cause a plat to be made for such purposes. Such plat shall be called "assessor's lat," and shall plainly define the boundary of each parcel, and each street, alley, lane or roadway, or dedication to public or special use, as such is evidenced by the records of the register of deeds or a court of record.

IV. Retracements		
B. Assessor's plat: Wis Stat 7	70.27	
An Assessor's plat is a resu	rvey.	
Does not create new b	ooundaries	
It can cover all or part	ts of existing subdivision plats and	metes and bounds parcels
A plat is created and cover	red lands are conveyed and descri	bed with respect to it.
Existing metes and box	unds descriptions become lot and	block
Any existing subdivision	on areas covered are vacated	
MAG Parcel Lot 6 Lot 6 Lot 6 Lot 6 Lot 6 Lot 6 Lot 7 Lot 7	Let 1 Let 6	Assessor's Plat Lat 5 Lat 6 Lat 1 Lat 2 Lat 1 Lat 2 Lat 1 Lat 3 Lat 1 Lat 4 Lat 6 Lat 7 Lat 1 Lat 7 Lat 1 Lat 7 Lat 1 Lat 7 Lat 8 La

V. Wisc	onsin N	otes		
	River: Upl Muenc	erways owned by sta and owner or h v. PSC, 261 V	ate (public) inside ordinary high water mark (OWHWM) wns bed to thread (center line) Wis Wis. 2d 168, 138 N.W.2d 197 (1965)	
B. Adv	erse posse	ssion period	ls	
	Stat	Period	Major conditions	
	893.25	20 years	Not founded on written instrument.	All
	893.26	10 years	Founded on written recorded claim. Recorded within 30 days of entry.	
	893.27	7 years	Founded on written recorded claim and payment of taxes Recorded within 30 days of execution	M

Wisc		

- C. Coordinate Systems
 - 1. Allowed systems for subdivisions Wis Stat 236.18(2)
 - (a) The Wis coord sys of 1927, based on NAD27
 - (b) The Wis coord sys of 1983 (1986), based NAD 1983 (1986).
 - (c) The Wis coord sys of 1983 (1991), based NAD 1983 (1991).
 - (d) A county coord sys approved by WiDOT, or a coord sys that is mathematically relatable to a Wis coord sys.
 - 2. For resurveys A-E 7.05(11)

Shall comply with s. 236.18, Stats.

. Wisconsin Notes

- C. Coordinate Systems
 - 3. Formal Wisconsin Systems
 - a. State Plane (SPC)
 - North, Central, South Lambert Conic systems
 - b. County Systems
 - (1) Wis County Coordinate Systems (WCCS) : original low distortion systems. conic or cylindric
 - (2) Wis Coordinate Reference System (WisCRS): updated version of WCCS





WCCS/WisCRS

State Plane Coordinates

/. Wisconsin Notes

D. Statute of limitations

893.37 Survey. No action may be brought against an engineer or any professional land surveyor, as defined in s. 443.01 (7m), to recover damages for negligence, errors, or omission in the making of any survey nor for contribution or indemnity related to such negligence, errors, or omissions more than 6 years after the completion of a survey.

The discovery rule applies to statutes of limitations that limit the time to sue from the time when the action "accrues," being the time of discovery. The discovery rule does not apply to this section because it is a statute of repose, a statute that specifies the time of accrual (in this statute the time when the injury occurred) and limits the time sult can be brought from that specified date. Tomczak v. Bailey, 218 Wis. 2d 245, 578 N.W.2d 166 (1998), 95-2733.

/ N	Micci	onsin	N	Otos

E. Correction Instrument

1 Deed

Wis Stat 706.085 Entitled to be recorded; purposes. An instrument correcting a previously recorded conveyance shall be entitled to record in accordance with s. 706.05 in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the conveyance is recorded and shall include one or more of the following:

(a) The correction of a legal description, including a distance; angle; direction; bearing; chord; lot, block, unit, or building number or letter; appurtenant easement; section number; township name or number; municipality, count, or state name; range number or meridian; certified survey map number; or subdivision or condominium name.

(b) The addition, correction, or clarification of information other than a legal description, including any of the following information: \dots

	nsin	

E. Correction Instrument

2. Subdivision plat, Certified survey map

Wis Stat 236.02(2m) "Correction instrument" means an instrument drafted by a professional land surveyor that complies with the requirements of s. 236.295 and that, upon recording, corrects a subdivision plat or a certified survey map.

3. Condominiums

Wis Stat 703.02(6m) "Correction instrument" means an instrument drafted by a professional land surveyor that, upon recording, corrects an error in a condominium plat. "Correction instrument" does not include an instrument of conveyance.

/I Continuing Education

Wis Admin Code A-E 10

≥20 hrs every 2 years

Minimum of 2 hours each in

- Wisconsin statutes and rules that regulate professional land surveyors and surveys.
- Professional conduct and ethics.
- Professional land surveying or related sciences.

Admin Code A-E 10.03(2)

Acceptable learning formats

Admin Code A-E 10.04(2)

Education providers